



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20231
www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 08/997,706 | 12/23/1997 | SEISHI EJIRI | | 1646 |

5514 7590 12/18/2001
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA
NEW YORK, NY 10112

| |
|--------------------|
| EXAMINER |
| POKRZYWA, JOSEPH R |
| ART UNIT |
| PAPER NUMBER |

2622

DATE MAILED: 12/18/2001

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. 08/997,706 | Applicant(s) EJIRI, SEISHI | |
| | Examiner Joseph R. Pokrzywa | Art Unit 2622 | |

- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address -

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 October 2001.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-23 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-23 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's amendments were received on 5/25/01 and 10/1/01, and have been entered and made of record. Currently, **claims 1 through 4, and 6 through 23** are pending.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to **claims 1 through 4, and 6 through 23** have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. **Claims 1, 7, 13, 18, and 19** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

5. **Claim 1** recites the limitation "the data processing terminal" in line 9. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

6. **Claim 7** recites the limitation "the data processing terminal" in line 23. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

7. **Claim 13** recites the limitation "the data processing terminal" in line 20. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Art Unit: 2622

8. **Claim 18** recites the limitation "the data processing terminal" in line 10. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

9. **Claim 19** recites the limitation "the data processing terminal" in line 22. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

10. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

11. **Claims 1 through 4, 6, 7, 9 through 12, 18, 19, and 21 through 23** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kosaka (U.S. Patent Number 6,119,142).

Regarding **claim 1**, Kosaka discloses a data communication system (see Figs. 1 and 2) which comprises a connector (wired/wireless LAN controller 124, seen in Fig. 1, column 3, lines 24 through 29), adapted to connect a network that is connectable to a plurality of data processing terminals (seen in Fig. 2, and read in column 3, lines 24 through 43) to the data communication system (see Fig. 2), an operation input unit (operation unit 112, see Fig. 1), adapted to receive a manual designation manually inputted by an operator (column 3, lines 14 through 16), a data transmitter (network control unit NCU 109), adapted to transmit data based on the designation inputted by the operation input unit (column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 6, and column 6, lines 43 through 49), with the data being transmitted to an external data communication terminal

Art Unit: 2622

(facsimile 208) via a line (through wire communication line 120) that does not include the connector (see Figs. 1 and 2), and a notification unit (CPU 101 performing a control program from ROM 102, column 2, lines 43 through 53), adapted to notify a data processing terminal (column 7, lines 29 through 45), via the connector (wired/wireless LAN controller 124) of transmission result information (column 8, lines 46 through 67) representing a data transmission performed by the data transmitter based on the designation inputted by the operation input unit (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 57 through 67), wherein the notification unit notifies the data processing terminal of the transmission result information in accordance with a change in state of the data communication system (column 8, lines 20 through 67), wherein the notification unit notifies the data processing terminal of the transmission result information related to the data transmission upon completion of the data transmission performed by the data transmitter (step S40 in Fig. 8), and wherein the notification unit notifies, in a case where user information is inputted by the operation unit with an address of the external data communication terminal, a data processing terminal corresponding the user information of the transmission result information (see Fig. 7).

Regarding *claim 2*, Kosaka discloses the data communication system discussed in claim 1 above, and further teaches that the data transmitter transmits data based on a second designation from the data processing terminal connected to the data communication system via the connector (column 6, lines 43 through 62, and column 7, line 57 through column 8, line 23).

Regarding *claim 3*, Kosaka discloses the data communication system discussed in claim 1 above, and further teaches of the transmission result information notified by the notification unit includes a transmission destination (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 37 though 56).

Regarding **claim 4**, Kosaka discloses the data communication system discussed in claim 1 above, and further teaches of the notification unit notifies the data processing terminal of the transmission result information in accordance with a change in information to be notified (column 8, lines 20 through 67).

Regarding **claim 6**, Kosaka discloses the data communication system discussed in claim 1 above, and further teaches of the notification unit notifies the data processing terminal of data transmitted by the data transmitter (column 8, lines 46 through 67).

Regarding **claim 7**, Kosaka discloses a data communication system (see Figs. 1 and 2) which comprises a connector (wired/wireless LAN controller 124, seen in Fig. 1, column 3, lines 24 through 29), adapted to connect a network that is connectable to a plurality of data processing terminals (seen in Fig. 2, and read in column 3, lines 24 through 43) to the data communication system (see Fig. 2), an operation input unit (operation unit 112, see Fig. 1), adapted to receive a manual designation manually inputted by an operator (column 3, lines 14 through 16), with the operation input unit being a part of the data communication system (see Fig. 1), a designation unit (operation unit 112, see Fig. 1), adapted to designate an ID (sender terminal identifier, column 4, lines 47 through 57), representing a user on the network connected by said connector (LAN controller 124), from the manual designation inputted by way of an operation of the operation input unit (column 7, line 61 through column 8, line 3), a data transmitter (network control unit NCU 109), adapted to transmit data based on a destination inputted by the operation input unit in accordance with an ID designation performed by the designation unit (column 7, line 55 through column 8, line 3), with the data being transmitted to an external data communication terminal (facsimile 208) via a line (through wire communication line 120) that

Art Unit: 2622

does not include the connector (see Figs. 1 and 2), a notification unit (CPU 101 performing a control program from ROM 102, column 2, lines 43 through 53), adapted to notify the user on the network connected by the connector (column 7, lines 29 through 45) corresponding to the ID designated by the designation unit, via the connector (step S32 in Fig. 8, column 7, line 65 through column 8, line 3), of information representing a data transmission performed by the data transmitter based on the destination inputted by the operation input unit (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 57 through 67), a determination unit (CPU 101 performing a control program from ROM 102, column 2, lines 43 through 53), adapted to determine whether or not the ID is designated by the designation unit (step S32 in Fig. 8), and a controller (CPU 101 performing a control program from ROM 102, column 2, lines 43 through 53), adapted to control the notification unit in accordance with a determination result of the determination unit (see Fig. 8), wherein the notification unit notifies the data processing terminal of information related to the data transmission upon completion of the data transmission performed by the data transmitter (step S40 in Fig. 8).

Regarding *claim 9*, Kosaka discloses the data communication system discussed in claim 7 above, and further teaches that the ID designated by the designation unit is information representing a user on a network (sender-terminal identifier, column 4, lines 33 through 38, and column 7, line 61 through column 8, line 3).

Regarding *claim 10*, Kosaka discloses the data communication system discussed in claim 7 above, and further teaches that the data transmitter transmits data, based on the designated ID, from the data processing terminal connected to the data communication system via the connector (column 7, line 57 through column 8, line 23).

Regarding *claim 11*, Kosaka discloses the data communication system discussed in claim 7 above, and further teaches of the information notified by the notification unit includes a transmission destination (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 37 through 56).

Regarding *claim 12*, Kosaka discloses the data communication system discussed in claim 7 above, and further teaches of the notification unit notifying the data processing terminal of the data transmitted by the data transmitter (column 8, lines 46 through 67).

Regarding *claim 18*, Kosaka discloses computer-readable storage medium (ROM 102) storing a program (column 2, lines 43 through 53) for implementing a method for controlling a data communication system (facsimile 201, seen in Figs. 1 and 2) connected to a network that is connectable to a plurality of data processing terminals (seen in Fig. 2, and read in column 3, lines 24 through 43) via a connector (wired/wireless LAN controller 124, seen in Fig. 1, column 3, lines 24 through 29), with the program comprising program code for an input step of receiving a designation manually inputted by an operator (through operation unit 112, seen in Fig. 1, column 3, lines 14 through 16), program code for a transmission step of transmitting data based on the designation manually inputted in the input step (column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 6, and column 6, lines 43 through 49), with the data being transmitted to an external data communication terminal (facsimile 208) via a line (through wire communication line 120) that does not include the connector (see Figs. 1 and 2), and program code for a notification step of notifying the data processing terminal (column 7, lines 29 through 45), via the connector (wired/wireless LAN controller 124) of transmission result information (column 8, lines 46 through 67) representing a data communication performed in the transmission step based on the designation inputted in the input step (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 57 through 67) and in

accordance with a change in state of the data communication system (column 8, lines 20 through 67), wherein the notification step notifies the data processing terminal of the transmission result information related to the data transmission upon completion of the data transmission performed in the transmission step (step S40 in Fig. 8), and wherein the notification step includes notifying, in a case where user information is inputted in the input step with an address of the external data communication terminal, a data processing terminal corresponding the user information of the transmission result information (see Fig. 7).

Regarding *claim 19*, Kosaka discloses a computer-readable storage medium (ROM 102) storing a program (column 2, lines 43 through 53) for implementing a method for controlling a data communication system (facsimile 201, seen in Figs. 1 and 2) connected to a network that is connectable to a plurality of data processing terminals (seen in Fig. 2, and read in column 3, lines 24 through 43) via a connector (wired/wireless LAN controller 124, seen in Fig. 1, column 3, lines 24 through 29), with the program comprising program code for an input step of receiving a designation manually inputted by an operator (column 3, lines 14 through 16) using an operation unit that is a part of the data communication system (operation unit 112, seen in Fig. 1), program code for a designation step of designating an ID (sender terminal identifier, column 4, lines 47 through 57), representing a user on the network connected by the connector (LAN controller 124), from the manually inputted designation (column 7, line 61 through column 8, line 3), program code for a transmission step of transmitting data based on a destination manually inputted in the input step using the operation input unit (column 7, line 57 through column 8, line 23), with the data being transmitted to an external data communication terminal (facsimile 208) via a line (through wire communication line 120) that does not include the connector (see Figs. 1

Art Unit: 2622

and 2), program code for a notification step of notifying the user on the network connected by the connector (column 7, lines 29 through 45) corresponding to the designated ID, via the connector (step S32 in Fig. 8, column 7, line 65 through column 8, line 3), of information representing a data communication performed in the transmission step based on the destination manually inputted in the input step (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 57 through 67), program code for a determination step of determining whether or not the ID is designated in the designation step (step S32 in Fig. 8), and program code for a control step of controlling the notification step in accordance with a determination result of the determination step (see Fig. 8), wherein the notification step notifies the data processing terminal of information related to the data transmission upon completion of the data transmission performed in the transmission step (step S40 in Fig. 8).

Regarding *claim 21*, Kosaka discloses a data communication system (facsimile 201, seen in Figs. 1 and 2) that communicates with an external device (facsimile 208) via a transmission path (through wire communication line 120), and that communicates with a data processing terminal (seen in Fig. 2, and read in column 3, lines 24 through 43), with the system comprising a signal path (wired/wireless LAN controller 124, seen in Fig. 1, column 3, lines 24 through 29) through which the data communication system (facsimile 201) communicates with the data processing terminal (column 3, lines 24 through 43), with the signal path being a path different from the transmission path (see Figs. 1 and 2), an input section (operation unit 112, see Fig. 1) through which an operator manually inputs a designation to the data communication system (column 3, lines 14 through 16), a transmitter (network control unit NCU 109) that, based upon the manually inputted designation (column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 6, and column 6,

Art Unit: 2622

lines 43 through 49), transmits data through the transmission path (wire communication line 120) to the external device (facsimile 208), and a notifier (CPU 101 performing a control program from ROM 102, column 2, lines 43 through 53) that, because of a change in state of the data communication system (column 8, lines 20 through 67), notifies the data processing terminal (column 7, lines 29 through 45) through the signal path (wired/wireless LAN controller 124) of transmission result information (column 8, lines 46 through 67) corresponding to the data transmission by the transmitter based upon the manually inputted designation (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 57 through 67), wherein the notifier notifies the data processing terminal of the transmission result information related to the data transmission upon completion of the data transmission performed by the data transmitter (step S40 in Fig. 8), and wherein the notifier notifies, in a case where user information is inputted by the input unit with an address of the external device, a data processing terminal corresponding the user information of the transmission result information (see Fig. 7).

Regarding *claim 22*, Kosaka discloses a method of controlling a data communication system (facsimile 201, seen in Figs. 1 and 2) that communicates with an external device (facsimile 208) and with a data processing terminal (seen in Fig. 2, and read in column 3, lines 24 through 43), comprising a step of manually inputting a designation to the data communication system (through operation unit 112, seen in Fig. 1, column 3, lines 14 through 16), a step of transmitting data to the external device (facsimile 208) via a transmission path (wire communication line 120), based upon the manually inputted designation (column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 6, and column 6, lines 43 through 49), with the transmitting step producing transmission result information (column 8, lines 46 through 67), and a step of

notifying, as a consequence of a change in a state of the data communication system (column 8, lines 20 through 67), and via a signal path (wired/wireless LAN controller 124) that does not correspond to the transmission path (see Figs. 1 and 2), the data processing terminal of the transmission result information (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 57 through 67), wherein the notifying step notifies the data processing terminal of the transmission result information related to the data transmission upon completion of the data transmission performed in the transmitting step (step S40 in Fig. 8), and wherein the notifying step includes notifying, in a case where user information is inputted in the input step with an address of the external device, a data processing terminal corresponding the user information of the transmission result information (see Fig. 7).

Regarding *claim 23*, Kosaka discloses a computer-readable storage medium (ROM 102) storing a program (column 2, lines 43 through 53) for implementing a method for controlling a data communication system (facsimile 201, seen in Figs. 1 and 2) that communicates with an external device (facsimile 208) and with a data processing terminal (seen in Fig. 2, and read in column 3, lines 24 through 43), with the program comprising code for an input step of inputting a designation to the data communication system (through operation unit 112, seen in Fig. 1, column 3, lines 14 through 16), code for a transmission step of transmitting data to the external device (facsimile 208) via a transmission path (wire communication line 120), based upon the manually inputted designation (column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 6, and column 6, lines 43 through 49), with the transmitting step producing transmission result information (column 8, lines 46 through 67), and code for a notification step of notifying, as a consequence of a change in a state of the data communication system (column 8, lines 20 through 67), and via a signal path (wired/wireless LAN controller 124) that is not the transmission path (see Figs. 1 and 2), the

Art Unit: 2622

data processing terminal of the transmission result information (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 57 through 67), wherein the notifying step notifies the data processing terminal of the transmission result information related to the data transmission upon completion of the data transmission performed in the transmitting step (step S40 in Fig. 8), and wherein the notifying step includes notifying, in a case where user information is inputted in the input step with an address of the external device, a data processing terminal corresponding the user information of the transmission result information (see Fig. 7).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

13. **Claim 8** is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kosaka (U.S. Patent Number 6,119,142) in view of Hashimoto *et al.* (U.S. Patent Number 5,644,404, cited in the Office action dated 2/27/01).

Regarding **claim 8**, Kosaka discloses the data communication system discussed in claim 7 above, but fails to specifically teach of the notification unit not performing a notification process in an absence of an ID designated by the designation unit. Hashimoto discloses the data communication system (facsimile server terminal 1, column 4, lines 52 through 58), having a notification unit not performing notification in an absence of an ID designated by the designation means (column 7, lines 46 through 67, and column 8, lines 15 through 32). Therefore, it would

Art Unit: 2622

have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include Hashimoto's teachings in Kosaka's system. Kosaka's system would be easily modified with the inclusion of Hashimoto's teachings, as the systems share cumulative features, being additive in nature.

14. **Claims 13 through 17, and 20** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kosaka (U.S. Patent Number 6,119,142) in view of Kikuchi *et al.* (U.S. Patent Number 5,552,901, cited in the Office action dated 2/27/01).

Regarding *claim 13*, Kosaka discloses a method of controlling a data processing terminal (server 202, or terminals 203 and 204, seen in Fig. 2, and read in column 3, lines 30 through 43), connected to a data communications system (facsimile apparatus 201) via a connector (wired/wireless LAN controller 124, seen in Fig. 1, column 3, lines 24 through 29) that connects the data communications system (facsimile apparatus 201) to a plurality of data processing terminals (see Fig. 2) for performing data communication with a destination (receiving side facsimile apparatus 208), and of controlling the data communication system (facsimile apparatus 201, seen in Figs 1 and 2, with a process seen in Figs. 5 and 8). Kosaka's method comprises an input step, in which an operator manually inputs (column 3, lines 14 through 16) a destination using an operation input unit (operation unit 112, see Fig. 1), a transmission step, in which data is transmitted (column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 6, and column 6, lines 43 through 49) to an external data communication terminal (facsimile 208) via a line (through wire communication line 120) that does not include the connector (see Figs. 1 and 2), a reception step, in which communication result information representing a data communication performed in accordance

with a manual operation inputted by the operator in the input step is received from the data communication system (column 8, lines 20 through 67), a step of instructing the data communication system (transmitting-side facsimile apparatus 201) to communicate with the destination (column 7, line 57 through column 8, line 19), a step of notifying the data processing terminal of the communication result information related to the data communication upon completion of the data transmission performed in the data transmission step (step S40 in Fig. 8), wherein the notification step notifies, in a case where user information is inputted by the operation unit with an address of the external data communication terminal, a data processing terminal corresponding to the user information of the transmission result information (see Fig. 7).

However, Kosaka fails to teach of a storage step of independently storing the communication result information representing a data communication based on an instruction in the instruction step. Kikuchi discloses a method of controlling a data processing terminal (fax server 1, see Figs. 1 and 3), connected to a data communication system (remote fax 9) via a connector (LAN control unit 21) that connects the data communication system (remote fax 9) to a plurality of data processing terminals (see Fig. 1, fax server 1, file server 2, and clients 3) for performing data communication with a destination (opposite fax 6), and of controlling the data communication system. Kikuchi's method comprises an input step, in which an operator manually inputs a destination (column 8, line 55 through column 9, line 9, and column 11, line 61 through column 12, line 5), using an operation input unit (operation control unit 22, see Fig. 4, column 5, lines 59 through 62), a transmission step, in which data is transmitted (column 9, line 44 through column 10, line 56, and column 11, line 61 through column 12, line 28) to an external data communication terminal (fax 6) via a line that does not include the

Art Unit: 2622

connector (public switched network 5, column 10, lines 57 through 67), a reception step, in which communication result information (communication history data, wherein the transmission result information includes communication history data which includes the results of the communications with the opposite faxes 6, seen in column 17, lines 60 through 67) representing a data communication performed in accordance with the destination inputted by the operator in the input step is received from the data communication system (column 8, line 58 through column 9, line 9, and see Fig. 10, column 9, line 63 through column 10, line 67, whereby a document is transmitted to a destination user identifier and destination telephone number of a fax 6 which was entered by a user of the operation control unit 22, therein having information regarding the result of this communication in the history data which is transmitted by the remote fax 9 and received in the receiving step by the fax server 1, column 17, lines 60 through 67), a step of instructing the data communication system (remote fax 9) to communicate with the destination (see Fig. 10, and column 9, line 44 through column 10, line 67), and a step of independently storing the communication result information received in the reception step (column 17, lines 60 through 67) and communication result information representing a data communication based on an instruction (process of Fig. 10) in the instruction step (see Fig. 7, column 6, line 64 through column 7, line 24, wherein the user identifier of each opposite communication party with the number of sheets of each communication, along with the result of the communication are stored in management table 32, read in column 7, lines 10 through 25. Since each of the user identifier's and each of the communications are stored with the corresponding communication result, it can be interpreted that the individual communication results are stored independently, whether the result information is received in the reception step,

Art Unit: 2622

or based on an instruction in the instruction step). Therefore, it would have been obvious to person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include Kikuchi's teachings within Kosaka's system. Kosaka's system would easily be modified to incorporate Kikuchi's teachings, as the systems share cumulative features, being additive in nature.

Regarding *claim 14*, Kosaka and Kikuchi disclose the method discussed in claim 13 above, and Kikuchi further teaches of the information representing a user ID received in the reception step (user identifier, column 8, lines 58 through 66) and the communication result information related to the data communication are stored in an area corresponding to the user ID in the storage step (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 10 through 25, and column 17, lines 55 through 67). Therefore, it would have been obvious to person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include Kikuchi's teachings within Kosaka's system. Kosaka's system would easily be modified to incorporate Kikuchi's teachings, as the systems share cumulative features, being additive in nature.

Regarding *claim 15*, Kosaka and Kikuchi disclose the method discussed in claim 13 above, and Kosaka further teaches of the data received by the data communication system (facsimile apparatus 201) is received in the reception step (column 8, lines 20 through 67).

Regarding *claim 16*, Kosaka and Kikuchi disclose the method discussed in claim 13 above, and Kosaka further teaches of the communication result information received in the reception step includes a transmission destination (see Fig. 7, column 7, lines 37 through 56).

Regarding *claim 17*, Kosaka discloses a method of controlling a system that includes a data communication system (facsimile machine 201, see Figs. 1 and 2) for performing data communication with a destination (facsimile machine 208) and a data processing terminal (server

202) for controlling the data communication system (column 3, lines 30 through 53), with the data communication system being connected to the data processing terminal via a network that is connectable to a plurality of data processing terminals (LAN 125, seen in Fig. 2, and read in column 3, lines 24 through 43). Kosaka's method comprises at the data communication system, inputting a designation manually entered by an operator using an operation input unit (operation unit 112, see Fig. 1, column 3, lines 14 through 16), designating an ID (sender terminal identifier, column 4, lines 47 through 57) based on the manual designation inputted using the operation unit (operation unit 112, see Fig. 1, column 7, line 61 through column 8, line 3), performing data communication with an external data communication terminal (facsimile 208) in accordance with a destination inputted using the operation input unit (column 7, line 55 through column 8, line 3), notifying the data processing terminal corresponding to the designated ID, via a connector (wired/wireless LAN controller 124) connecting the data communication system and the data processing terminal (see Figs. 1 and 2), of communication result information representing the data communication with the external data communication terminal based on the inputted destination (column 7, lines 29 through 67, see Fig. 7). Further, Kosaka teaches of the steps of at the data processing terminal, instructing the data communication system to communicate with a destination (column 7, line 57 through column 8, line 22), receiving communication result information notified by the data communication system in the notifying step (column 8, lines 20 through 67), wherein the notification step notifies the data processing terminal of the communication result information related to the data communication upon completion of the data transmission performed by the data transmitter (step S40 in Fig. 8), and wherein the notification includes notifying, in a case where user information is inputted using the

operation input unit with an address of the external data communication terminal, a data processing terminal corresponding the user information of the transmission result information (see Fig. 7).

However, Kosaka fails to teach of independently storing the communication result information related to the data communication based on an instruction in the instructing step and communication result information received from the data communication system in the receiving step. Kikuchi discloses a method of controlling a system (see Figs. 1, 3, and 4) that includes a data communication system (remote fax 9) for performing data communication with a destination (opposite fax 6) and a data processing terminal (fax server 1) for controlling the data communication system, with the data communication system being connected to the data processing terminal via a network (LAN 4) that is connectable to a plurality of data processing terminals (see Fig. 1). Kikuchi's method comprises, at the data communication system (remote fax 9), the steps of inputting a designation manually entered by an operator using an operation input unit (column 8, lines 58 through 64), designating an ID based on the manual designation inputted using the operation input unit (see Fig. 4, column 5, lines 59 through 62), performing data communication with an external data communication terminal (opposite fax 6) in accordance with a destination inputted using the operation input unit (column 8, lines 58 through 66, and column 10, lines 57 through 67), and notifying the data processing terminal (fax server 1) corresponding to the designated ID, via a connector (LAN control unit 21) connecting the data communication system and the data processing terminal, of communication result information representing the data communication with the external data communication terminal (column 8, line 58 through column 9, line 9, and column 17, line 55 through column 18, line 19, wherein the

Art Unit: 2622

transmission result information includes communication history data which includes the results of the communications with the opposite faxes 6). Kikuchi's method further comprises, at the data processing terminal (fax server 1), the steps of instructing the data communication system (remote fax 9) to communicate with a destination (opposite fax 6, column 9, line 44 through column 10, line 67), receiving communication result information notified by the data communication system in the notifying step (column 17, line 47 through column 18, line 19), and independently storing the communication result information related to the data communication based on an instruction in the instructing step (process of Fig. 10) and communication result information received from the data communication system (column 17, lines 60 through 67) in the receiving step (see Fig. 7, column 6, line 64 through column 7, line 24, wherein the user identifier of each opposite communication party with the number of sheets of each communication, along with the result of the communication are stored in management table 32, read in column 7, lines 10 through 25. Since each of the user identifier's and each of the communications are stored with the corresponding communication result, it can be interpreted that the individual communication results are stored independently, whether the result information is received in the reception step, or based on an instruction in the instruction step). Therefore, it would have been obvious to person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include Kikuchi's teachings within Kosaka's system. Kosaka's system would easily be modified to incorporate Kikuchi's teachings, as the systems share cumulative features, being additive in nature.

Regarding *claim 20*, Kosaka discloses a computer-readable storage medium (ROM 102) storing a program (column 2, lines 43 through 53) for implementing a method for controlling a

Art Unit: 2622

data processing terminal, connected to a data communication system (facsimile 201, seen in Figs. 1 and 2) via a network (LAN 125) that connects the data communication system to a plurality of data processing terminals (see Fig. 2) for performing data communication with a destination (receiving side facsimile apparatus 208), and of controlling the data communication system (facsimile apparatus 201, seen in Figs 1 and 2, with a process seen in Figs. 5 and 8). Kosaka's program comprises program codes for an input step, in which an operator manually inputs (column 3, lines 14 through 16) a destination using an operation input unit (operation unit 112, see Fig. 1), a transmission step, in which data is transmitted (column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 6, and column 6, lines 43 through 49) to an external data communication terminal (facsimile 208) via a line (through wire communication line 120) that does not include the connector (see Figs. 1 and 2), a reception step, in which communication result information representing a data communication performed in accordance with a manual operation inputted by the operator in the input step is received from the data communication system (column 8, lines 20 through 67), a step of instructing the data communication system (transmitting-side facsimile apparatus 201) to communicate with the destination by the data processing terminal (column 7, line 57 through column 8, line 19), a step of notifying the data processing terminal of the communication result information related to the data communication upon completion of the data transmission performed in the data transmission step (step S40 in Fig. 8), wherein the notification step notifies, in a case where user information is inputted by the operation unit with an address of the external data communication terminal, a data processing terminal corresponding the user information of the transmission result information (see Fig. 7).

However, Kosaka fails to teach of a storage step of independently storing the communication result information representing a data communication based on an instruction in the instruction step. Kikuchi discloses a method of controlling a data processing terminal (fax server 1, see Figs. 1 and 3), connected to a data communication system (remote fax 9) via a connector (LAN control unit 21) that connects the data communication system (remote fax 9) to a plurality of data processing terminals (see Fig. 1, fax server 1, file server 2, and clients 3) for performing data communication with a destination (opposite fax 6), and of controlling the data communication system. Kikuchi's method comprises an input step, in which an operator manually inputs a destination (column 8, line 55 through column 9, line 9, and column 11, line 61 through column 12, line 5), using an operation input unit (operation control unit 22, see Fig. 4, column 5, lines 59 through 62), a transmission step, in which data is transmitted (column 9, line 44 through column 10, column 10, line 56, and column 11, line 61 through column 12, line 28) to an external data communication terminal (fax 6) via a line that does not include the connector (public switched network 5, column 10, lines 57 through 67), a reception step, in which communication result information (communication history data, wherein the transmission result information includes communication history data which includes the results of the communications with the opposite faxes 6, seen in column 17, lines 60 through 67) representing a data communication performed in accordance with the destination inputted by the operator in the input step is received from the data communication system (column 8, line 58 through column 9, line 9, and see Fig. 10, column 9, line 63 through column 10, line 67, whereby a document is transmitted to a destination user identifier and destination telephone number of a fax 6 which was entered by a user of the operation control unit 22, therein having information

Art Unit: 2622

regarding the result of this communication in the history data which is transmitted by the remote fax 9 and received in the receiving step by the fax server 1, column 17, lines 60 through 67), a step of instructing the data communication system (remote fax 9) to communicate with the destination (see Fig. 10, and column 9, line 44 through column 10, line 67), and a step of independently storing the communication result information received in the reception step (column 17, lines 60 through 67) and communication result information representing a data communication based on an instruction (process of Fig. 10) in the instruction step (see Fig. 7, column 6, line 64 through column 7, line 24, wherein the user identifier of each opposite communication party with the number of sheets of each communication, along with the result of the communication are stored in management table 32, read in column 7, lines 10 through 25. Since each of the user identifier's and each of the communications are stored with the corresponding communication result, it can be interpreted that the individual communication results are stored independently, whether the result information is received in the reception step, or based on an instruction in the instruction step). Therefore, it would have been obvious to person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include Kikuchi's teachings within Kosaka's system. Kosaka's system would easily be modified to incorporate Kikuchi's teachings, as the systems share cumulative features, being additive in nature.

Art Unit: 2622

Citation of Pertinent Prior Art

15. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

Okamura et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,266,162) discloses a facsimile system that is controlled from an external processing device.

Conclusion

16. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joe Pokrzywa whose telephone number is (703) 305-0146. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 7:30-4:00.


If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward L. Coles can be reached on (703) 305-4712. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9314 for regular communications and (703) 872-9314 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

J. R. P.

Joseph R. Pokrzywa
Examiner
Art Unit 2622

jrj
November 13, 2001


EDWARD COLES
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600